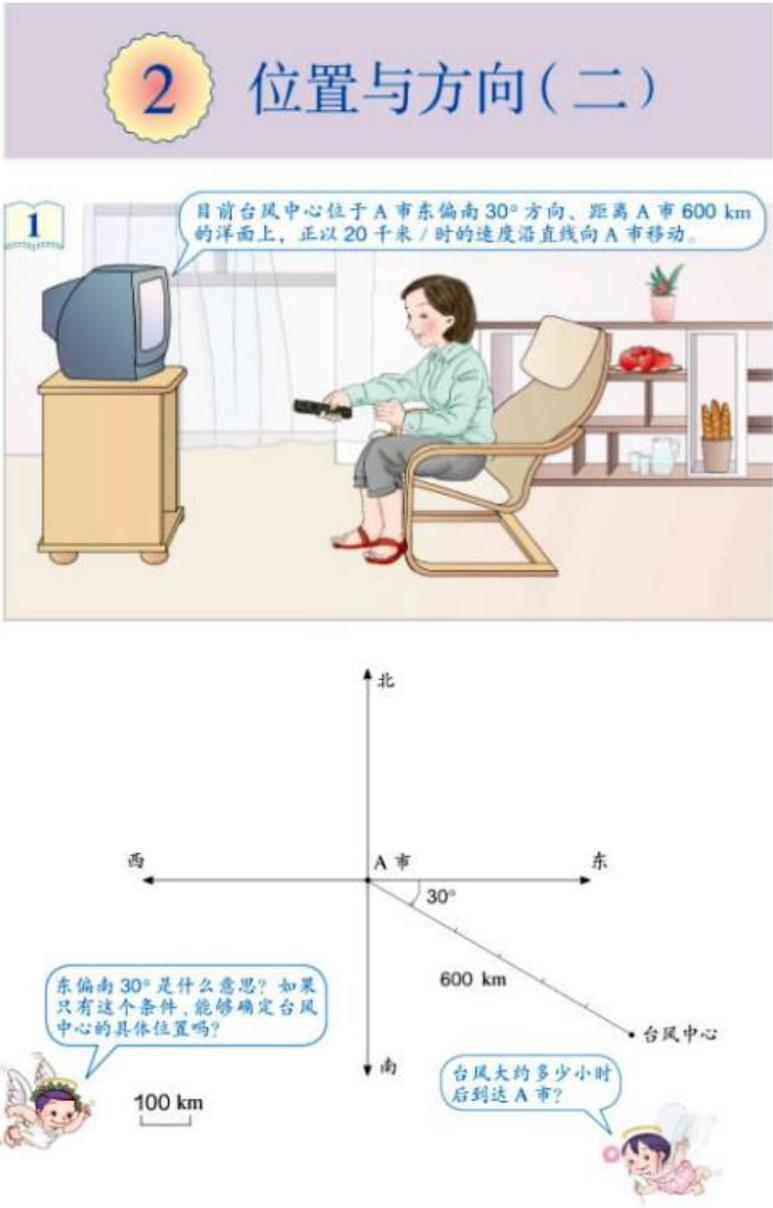


<p>课 题</p>	<p>位置与方向</p>
<p>册别 单元</p>	<p>人教版 六年级上册第 二 单元</p>
<p>教材所在页码</p>	<p>P19</p>
<p>教材对应截图</p>	 <p>The screenshot shows a woman sitting in a chair watching a television. A speech bubble above her says: "目前台风中心位于 A 市东偏南 30° 方向、距离 A 市 600 km 的洋面上，正以 20 千米 / 时的速度沿直线向 A 市移动。" (The typhoon center is currently located in the East-south 30° direction, 600 km from City A, moving straight towards City A at a speed of 20 km/h.)</p> <p>Below the illustration is a compass diagram with North (北), South (南), East (东), and West (西) directions. City A (A 市) is at the center. A line representing the typhoon's path extends from City A towards the East-south 30° direction, labeled with a 30° angle and a distance of 600 km to the typhoon center (台风中心). A scale bar indicates 100 km. Two speech bubbles from cartoon characters ask: "东偏南 30° 是什么意思? 如果只有这个条件, 能够确定台风中心的具体位置吗?" (What does East-south 30° mean? Can we determine the specific position of the typhoon center with only this condition?) and "台风大约多少小时后到达 A 市?" (Approximately how many hours will the typhoon reach City A?).</p>
<p>对应的学习目标</p>	<p>1、能根据方向和距离在平面图上标出物体的位置。 2、能看着平面图，描述某物体所处位置。</p>
<p>教学/学习难点</p>	<p>理解根据方向和距离两个条件确定物体的位置，根据描述，在平面图上标出物体具体位置，理解南偏东 50 度和东偏南 40 度是方向相同的。</p>